

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend paragraph number [0002] as follows:

[0002] State of the Art: Web format polishing apparatus typically include a wafer support and a polishing pad. The wafer support is typically configured to hold a semiconductor wafer, to bring the wafer into contact with the polishing pad, and to rotate the wafer while the wafer is in contact with the polishing pad so as to create friction between the wafer and the polishing pad and, thereby, effect polishing of one or more layers on the wafer. As used herein, the term “polishing” encompasses removal of material from a semiconductor wafer. ~~“Polishing”~~, “Polishing,” as used herein, need not achieve a certain surface finish or planarity. A subpad, located on the opposite side of the polishing pad from the wafer support, is configured to prevent the formation of defects on a wafer secured to the wafer support during polishing thereof, as well as to cushion the polishing pad and wafer being polished so as to prevent damage to the wafer during polishing. The subpad is held in place by a subpad support and, conventionally, has been secured to the subpad supports by way of an adhesive material.

Please amend paragraph number [0004] as follows:

[0004] As a subpad wears, it must be replaced. Typically, in order to remove a subpad from a web format polishing apparatus, the web format polishing pad must either be cut or slack formed in the polishing pad by, for example, loosening the web format pad from the supply reel of the polishing apparatus without winding the pad around the ~~take-up~~ take-up reel. Creating slack in a web format polishing pad facilitates pulling of the polishing pad away from the subpad. When a web format polishing pad is cut or given slack, it is common that a portion of the polishing pad is damaged and, thus, that portion of the polishing pad is wasted. In addition, as the subpad is typically secured to the subpad support with an adhesive material, removal of the subpad from the subpad support is often very difficult since the subpad may rip or need to be scraped from the subpad support.

Please amend paragraph number [0005] as follows:

[0005] Belt format polishing apparatus are very similar to web format polishing apparatus, with the major exception being that the polishing pad is in the format of a continuous belt that may be recycled, rather than a web that is supplied from a supply reel and, after use, taken away on a take-up reel. In order to gain access to a subpad of a belt format polishing apparatus, the belt format polishing pad is removed from the polishing apparatus, which is time consuming and may result in damage to the pad, or the pad may be stretched, which may also damage the pad. Damage that may occur to a belt format polishing pad ~~to remove and replace a subpad~~ as a subpad is removed and replaced is, however, even more costly than similar damage to a web format polishing pad because a damaged belt format polishing pad must be completely replaced.

Please amend paragraph number [0008] as follows:

[0008] The subpad support of the present invention includes a subpad supporting surface and a subpad retention element. The subpad supporting surface is configured to receive a backing of a subpad. The subpad retention element is configured to ~~non-~~ adhesively non-adhesively secure a subpad to the subpad support. The subpad retention element may be configured to at least partially engage a periphery of a subpad, mechanically engage a backing of a subpad, apply a negative pressure to a backing of a subpad through the subpad support, or otherwise non-adhesively secure a subpad to the subpad support.

Please amend paragraph number [0036] as follows:

[0036] Referring now to FIGs. 8, 8A, 9, and 9A, subpad support 10 may be included in a web format polishing apparatus 40, illustrated in FIGs. 8 and 8A, or in a ~~belt-type~~ belt-type polishing apparatus 40', shown in FIGs. 9 and 9A.

Please amend paragraph number [0038] as follows:

[0038] Web 42 and subpad 20 of polishing apparatus 40 are positioned in close proximity to one another. Polishing apparatus 40 includes a polishing pad movement element 50, which is also referred to herein as a subpad access element, to effect the movement of web 42 at least partially away from subpad 20 so as to avoid physical contact of an operator with web 42 while facilitating access to a worn or damaged subpad 20. As illustrated in FIGs. 8 and 8A, polishing pad movement element 50 is associated with at least one of supply reel 44 and take-up reel 46 of polishing apparatus 40. Polishing pad movement element 50 preferably effects the movement of web 42 away from subpad support 10 in a controlled manner and at a controlled rate to minimize stress on web 42. By way of example, and not to limit the scope of the present invention, known apparatus that may be used as polishing pad movement element 50 include hydraulic pistons, screw drive motors, gear drive motors, and the like. Polishing apparatus 40 may also include a latch 52 or other known releasable locking element that is configured to prevent movement of web 42 away from subpad 20 and subpad support 10 when such movement is not desired. In addition, if polishing pad movement element 50 moves one end 42a of web 42 while the other end 42b of web 42 remains substantially stationary, end 42b may be pivotally connected to apparatus 40, such as by a pivot ~~pin 54 that~~ pin 54' that connects one conveyor support 48 to a fixed structure of apparatus 40 or otherwise, as known in the art (see FIGS. 9 and 9A).